THE No. 191.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WEDNESDAY, *December* 21, 1748.

AIX LA CHAPELLE, September 6.

THE count de Chevannes, miniſter from the king of Sardinia, had yeſterday a long conference with the count de St. Severin, as is pretended, upon the ſubject of the evacuation of Savoy, and concerning the works which the court of France deſigns to erect upon the ſide of the Var, over againſt the county of Nice, which ſeems to diſpleaſe and give umbrage to the king of Sardinia, as without doubt it does to ſome others. Whatever was the ſubject of this conference, it is certain that the crown of France, jealous of the growing power of the king of Sardinia, and the proximity of the dominions of this prince, would be glad, if it was poſſible, to cauſe him to make an exchange of thoſe upon the coaſt of the Mediterranean, which are neareſt to Provence, to the end that they might in courſe of time come to the infant Don Philip; and that thereby too the king of Sardinia might be removed from the ſide of the Milaneſe, by means whereof he might be better diſpoſed againſt any future enterprizes which the houſe of Auſtria may poſſibly attempt in Italy. If France can ſucceed in this point, 'tis certain there never will be any reverſion to that houſe of the duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guaſtalla; but, on the contrary, the empreſs queen may one day be deſpoiled of the remaining poſſeſſions which the approaching peace ſhall give her in Italy. 'Tis thus people talk, who pretend to enter into the ſyſtem of France.

Peterſburg, Auguſt 21. Our miniſtry were very much ſurprized to receive a packet from Paris, containing the proteſt of the Pretender's eldeſt ſon. The diſpleaſure this piece gave to the court, may eaſily be perceived from it's attachment and affection to Great-Britain.

Rotterdam, Sept. 20. The magiſtrates of Haerlem have all reſigned their places, and remitted the choice of a new magiſtracy to the prince of Orange.

Hague, Sept. 20. The public tranquility ſeems at preſent to be pretty well reſtored at Amſterdam, But we hear from Haerlem, that every thing there is in the utmoſt confuſion.

Eyndhoven, Sept. 24. His royal highneſs the duke of Cumberland arrived here this morning in perfect health.

Hague, Sept. 24. The diſturbances at Haerlem ended at laſt by a reſolution taken by the regency, to deſire the ſtates of Holland would empower the prince of Orange to accept of their reſignation, and to change the magiſtracy of their town, in the ſame manner as he had done at Amſterdam. When this propoſal was made laſt ſaturday to the ſtates, the deputies of Dort, ſeeing that the regency of ſeveral other towns would at laſt be obliged to come into the ſame meaſures, moved the aſſembly, that a reſolution ſhould be taken to authorize the prince to change the regency, not only of Haerlem, but alſo of all ſuch other towns as ſhould deſire it. And a reſolution was accordingly taken, giving his highneſs the power propoſed. We are informed from Groningen, that major-general Rous, with five battalions under his command, had ſurprized one of the gates of that town, and afterwards diſarmed all the burghers; by which means he had put an end to all the diſturbances there.

Madrid, Sept. 2. An order of the king will ſoon appear, to allow freedom of commerce betwixt this kingdom and that of Great-Britain.

Aix la Chapelle, Sept. 19. We are aſſured, that among other difficulties, which retarded the ſignature of the definitive treaty, one is the oppoſition the French have made to the admitting the empreſs of Ruſſia as a party, according to the demand of count Kaunitz.

Paris, Sept. 2. Marſhal Saxe has for two months paſt been employed in cauſing wood to be cut down in the forests of Flanders, proper for building ſhips, and is ſending it into the ſeveral ports of the kingdom. Letters from Toulon, Brest, and other maritime towns, adviſe, that the utmoſt diligence is uſed to build a good number of men of war. Thoſe from Rochelle import, that five ſhips are juſt arrived there from Martinico, the remainder of 12 which ſet out together from thence, the other ſeven having fallen into the hands of the Engliſh.

Bruſſels, Sept. 18. We know not how to make the appearances, in other reſpects, of peace quadrate with the eſtabliſhment of great magazines at Namur, Maeſtricht, Mechlin, and Antwerp, where a vaſt quantity of hay and oats are amaſſing.

Florence, Auguſt 28, *O. S.* It is pretended that great negotiations are upon the carpet at London, for ſelling certain diſtricts in Italy, in order to haſten the concluſion of the peace.

Hamburgh, Sept. 9, *O. S.* They write from Dreſden, that the king of Poland has reſolved to keep on foot in his electorate 30,044 foot, and 10,544 horſe; and that orders are already given to compleat them.

Liege, Sept. 27. It is now pretty certain that the French troops in the duchy of Limburg will paſs the winter there; and that the garriſon of Maeſtricht will not evacuate that place before the next ſpring. It was for their ſubſiſtence, that the large magazines were lately formed in the ſaid town.

Paris, Sept. 27. Couriers are continually arriving at court from Madrid, Turin, and Genoa, which ſtrengthens the report of an alliance being on foot between the houſes of Bourbon, Savoy, and the republic of Genoa; for which it is probable no pains will be ſpared, ſince by ſecuring the king of Sardinia, we may carry on a war to advantage in Italy on any future occaſion. The young Pretender was attacked a few days ſince, in his return from St. Cloud, by four men maſk'd, and 'tis thought would have loſt his life, if he had not opportunely received aſſiſtance; which however did not prevent the eſcape of the ruffians. By his reſidence ſtill in this city, 'tis preſumed, that either the court of London has not yet demanded his removal, or that ours has refuſed them this ſatisfaction.

We hear that his majeſty has purchaſed many Engliſh ſhips of war, and given orders likewiſe for engaging in his ſervice all the ſeamen of that nation which ſhall be diſcharged.

M. Saxe is not expected from Bruſſels before the end of next month. By an eſtimate which has been received from England, of the treaſure which was at Madras, it plainly appears that M. Bourdonnaye appropriated 13 millions to his own uſe; and tho' he perſiſts in denial of the charge, 'tis ſaid he will not be diſcharged 'til ſuch a ſum is reſtored.

Hague, Sept. 13. The commerce of the Engliſh to the Weſt Indies, that commerce which has given occaſion to the war between Spain and Great-Britain ever ſince the year 1739, forms a Gordian knot, which it will perhaps be harder to untie, than to get over any other remora that ſtands in the way of concluding the definitive treaty. What was ſtipulated upon the ſubject in the preliminaries, leaves the difficulties entirely unremoved; and as for the French and Dutch, they are very far from carving in favour of the Engliſh, of whom, in point of trade, they are each of them equally jealous; it not being leſs conſiſtent with their intereſt, than with that of Spain, to keep the navigation of the Engliſh within reaſonable bounds. But theſe laſt have taken the beſt precaution they could againſt any other limits being fixed them, than thoſe ſtipulated by ancient treaties. According to our beſt advices from Aix la Chapelle, this diſpute between Great-Britain will yet a long time employ the carpet; it will probably contribute more than all the other difficulties put together, to draw the negotiations out to a great length; the two intereſted courts are equally inflexible; and it is utterly impoſſible to find a mediator, who will not be ſuſpected of partiality on one ſide or the other.

Eyndhoven, Sept. 28. The duke of Cumberland, we hear, will ſpend the winter in this town; and he is making ſuch diſpoſitions, as ſeem to forebode a longer ſojourn of the Britiſh troops, than was expected in thoſe quarters.

LON-

An extract of a letter from Aix-la-Chapelle, dated Sept. 9.

" According to the general diſcourſe of the plenipotentiaries themſelves, and of all who depend upon them, every thing here goes on as well as can be wiſhed, and there is no ſort of doubt to be made, that the definitive treaty will be very ſpeedily ſigned and declared. As every body wiſhes this news may be well founded, ſo we need not wonder that it gains credit in the world, and is generally received as an indiſputable truth, which is a very good reaſon for its finding a place in all the gazettes; but notwithſtanding this, there is ſome occaſion to doubt whether all thoſe who ſeem to believe it are in earneſt; and that I may not appear to advance a thing abſolutely without foundation, I muſt put you in mind, that whatever may become of the conqueſts made from the republic, few people ſeem to entertain any doubt that the French troops will ſpend the greateſt part of the winter in the countries that are to be reſtored to the empreſs Queen, which ſeems not very reconcileable to this notion of a ſpeedy peace, if that be taken in the general acceptation of the words, I mean for a general and ſolid peace, in which, without diſtinction, all the parties engaged in the war ſhall be included.

" But beſides this, we very well know that there are a variety of things of ſome conſequence, which, as far as one can learn, though often canvaſſed, are not yet ſettled; and ſome new difficulties there are alſo, which have been talked of only, and not canvaſſed. I will begin with theſe. It is very confidently reported, that tho' the court of Peterſburg is very well ſatisfied with the uſage her auxiliaries have met with, the care that has been taken in providing for them on their march, as well as the reaſons that have been aſſigned for ſuſpending it; yet they by no means approve the proſpect of marching them directly home again through Poland, but, on the contrary, have repreſented againſt it as a ſtep that may be very fatal to that fine corps, which cannot but have ſuffered conſiderably by the fatigues of ſo long and ſo haſty a march, at the worſt ſeaſon of the year; which therefore ſeems to require time for them to repoſe and recover themſelves in quarters of refreſhment. If this demand ſhould be complied with, and theſe auxiliaries ſhould have winter quarters aſſigned them in Bohemia and Moravia, it may produce a demand of ſome equivalent from the court of Vienna; and indeed we have heard of ſomething like a propoſition upon this head already; ſtill this is not all, even in reference to theſe troops; for if this point ſhould be adjuſted, it will not be very reconcileable to the convention ſigned here on the 2d of laſt month, and conſequently may retard the reduction of the French forces, which would be not at all agreeable to that court, and ſtill leſs to many of its neighbours.

" The arrival of M. du Theil was expected with as much impatience lately, as that of M. de St. Severin, at the beginning of theſe negotiations; but now he is arrived, we are well informed, that amongſt other inſtructions he has brought one that does not ſeem extremely well calculated to haſten things to a concluſion. In ſhort he has made a very ſerious complaint of the proceedings in Corſica, as not at all reconcileable, either to the ſpirit, or the letter of the preliminaries, and which, as he aſſerts, cannot be juſtified from any thing that has happened on the ſide of France or her allies. Now it ſeems requiſite that theſe points ſhould be terminated, previous to the concluſion of the definitive treaty: nor would it much alter ones opinion, even if what ſome whiſper about ſhould be really true. That this great work has not only been ſettled between certain powers, but even been ſigned, ſince this ſettling, and ſigning muſt be conſidered as proviſionally only; and not as definitive.

" With regard to the affairs in Italy, it is pretty evident that there are ſtill ſome things which ſtand in need of being adjuſted, for though there is nothing clearer than that the Auſtrians are ready to evacuate the countries aſſigned for the eſtabliſhment of Don Philip; yet with reſpect to the uncancelled part of the treaty of Worms, we have not as yet heard that a method has been ſo much as concerted for putting it in execution, and yet executed it muſt be before we have any definitive peace; and ſome talk there is no inſerting a clauſe of guaranty in reference to theſe, as well as other ceſſions; to ſupport which we are told that the Chevalier d'Oſſorio is on his way hither from Hanover.

" It would not be exceedingly difficult to increaſe this liſt of obſtructions; but for the preſent we will reſt it here, and be content to aſſign theſe as the cauſes of our doubts whether things are quite ſo forward as they are ſuppoſed to be. There is indeed one piece of news lately arrived here, which if true would comfort us under all difficulties; and it is this, that they look upon the peace as made at Vienna, and are very poſitive that it will be publiſhed by the end of October; now I cannot but own that I have a good opinion of the foreſight of the politicians in that city, and provided I could be ſure they would not alter their minds, it would notwithſtanding all I have advanced, induce me to credit our prophets here at Aix-la-Chapelle, though even in that caſe they are a little miſtaken, ſince this ſets the peace ſix weeks farther back than the terms which they thought fit to aſſign it."

Sept. 12. Yeſterday orders were given for taking into pay ſeveral artificers that have been lately diſcharged from his majeſty's yards, to fit out, with all expedition, ſome ſhips that were paid off.

The ſame day the Bedford, of 80 guns, and the New-Yarmouth, of 64 guns, were put in commiſſion.

Sept. 15. Notwithſtanding the many ſhips of war that have lately been diſcharged, and the men paid off, there are ſtill in commiſſion Six Ninety-gun ſhips; Twelve of Eighty guns; Fourteen of Seventy guns; Twenty of Sixty guns; Nineteen of Fifty guns; Eleven of Forty guns; and Eighteen of Twenty guns; beſides ſloops and tenders.

Private letters from ſeveral parts of Italy ſay, that a new treaty is on foot between the courts of France and Spain, and the republic of Genoa, for maintaining the latter in a ſtate of independency, for the ſecurity of which, ſubſidies are to be granted to that ſtate, which may enable her to perfect the fortreſſes that are already begun in different parts of her dominions, and to keep on foot a body of 10,000 regular troops in time of peace. It is alſo ſaid, that ſome other Italian ſtates will be invited to accede to this alliance.

Advices from Bourdeaux ſay, that ſuch plenty of all things arrives there, as to make them forget the miſeries they have ſuffered. The port is ſo full of foreign veſſels, that lodgings are very difficult to be got in town. They write the ſame thing from different ports of France.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn.

" It is currently reported here, that the Algerines have declared war againſt France."

It is ſaid the Spaniards have not yet acquieſced with the articles of the general peace; and, according to ſome accounts from Madrid and Cadiz, the Engliſh ſhips were not permitted to land the goods of that nation.

And we are informed, that there are letters in town to ſeveral merchants, adviſing, that an Engliſh ſhip has been ſeized at Bilboa, and her rudder taken off; and that a particular order was publiſhed concerning the exportation of wines; ſo that the behaviour of the Spaniſh nation ſeems at preſent very myſterious.

The following Lines are put on a Tomb at Arlington, near Paris.

Here lies,
Two Grand-mothers, with their two Grand-daughters;
Two Huſbands, with their two Wives;
Two Fathers, with their two Daughters;
Two Mothers, with their two Sons;
Two Maidens, with their two Mothers;
Two Siſters, with their two Brothers;
Yet but ſix Corpſe in all lie buried here,
All born Legitimate,—from Inceſt clear.

Sept. 20. On Thurſday night one of his majeſty's meſſengers arrived at his grace the duke of Bedford's office, Whitehall, expreſs from lord Sandwich at Aix la Chapelle, and brought with him, for the approbation of this court, a copy of a plan for a general pacification; copies of which have likewiſe been ſent away expreſs from Aix to all the courts intereſted in the preſent war, for their reſpective approbations.

The king of Sardinia's marriage with the ducheſs dowager of Guaſtalla, is thought to have had ſome influence over the tranſactions at Aix la Chapelle; as that princeſs's eſtate makes ſome part of the ſettlement intended for Don Philip. This lady will be the king's fourth wife.

Sept. 22. It is ſaid that his Pruſſian majeſty will make a tour to Gperſe, to pay a viſit to his Britannic majeſty.

On Thurſday there was a report, that all the officers were ordered to their poſts in Great Britain and Ireland; and thoſe orders were given in conſequence of ſome advices received from the court of Madrid.

We hear from Paris, that large remittances are daily expected from Holland, to pay the Dutch priſoners debts; and the officers will afterwards have paſſes to return home.

They

They write from Dunkirk, that a new baſon is actually ſinking at Grayelines, and great preparations making at that port, but for what reaſon is not known. The Dunkirkers however, are afraid that they ſhall be ſufferers by this new project.

We hear that preſs warrants are iſſued out to man the guard-ſhips lately commiſſion'd: And, that no further reduction in the navy or army will be made, 'til after the peace is actually ſigned.

Sept. 24. According to letters from Vienna by yeſterday's mail, it is decided, that the Ruſſian troops ſhall paſs the winter in Bohemia; and that they are to be quarter'd in the circles of Sautz, Branzlau, and Koningſgratz, 'til the return of the ſpring enables them to continue their march.

Upon the repreſentations made to the duke of Bedford, ſecretary of ſtate, by mr. Wall, the Spaniſh miniſter, in relation to the capture of the Spaniſh regiſter ſhip, the Jeſus Maria Joſeph, his grace gave the following anſwer: "That as there was not as yet any certain account come to England about this prize, at leaſt not ſufficient for him to decide on the ſpot, he would direct a ſtrict enquiry to be made of the particular circumſtances of that affair; and that after the moſt impartial examination of the whole, if the capture appeared illegal, he would not defer a moment giving orders for the reſtitution, to ſhew his Catholic majeſty his ſincere inclination to ſee friendſhip and perfect harmony re-eſtabliſhed between the two nations.

ANNAPOLIS.

We hear, that the Writs of Election for Repreſentatives to ſerve in the next General Aſſembly of this Province, will not be iſſued 'til towards the Spring.

We hear from *Charles* County, that one Mr. *Hanſon* was found dead on the Road there; and is ſuppoſed to have been kill'd by a Fall from his Horſe.

Laſt Night a Store-Houſe, belonging to Mr. *Thomas Worthington*, adjoining to his Dwelling Houſe, about five Miles from Town, was broke open, and ſeveral Goods of Valu taken from thence. The Thieves got in by breaking a large Hole through the Wall, which was of Stone; after which they made a Fire in the Store with Paper (ſuppoſed to light them), very near a large Quantity of Gunpowder.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANY of the Inſpecting Houſes, which are not yet furniſhed with Weights; or any Merchants, or others, wanting Weights; may be ſupplied therewith, at the *Patuxent* Iron-Works, at reaſonable Rates, by RICHARD SNOWDEN.

WATCHES, which have been left at the Subſcriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, to be clean'd or mended, being ready long ſince to be deliver'd back to the Owners; Notice is hereby given, That if they are not call'd for and taken away, before the 25th of *March* next, they will (as the Subſcriber is about to leave the Province) be ſold, to pay the Charges due to JOHN INCH.

N. B. Some of the Watches have been in his Poſſeſſion, and mended, above four Years.

THE Subſcriber intending to ſet up the Buſineſs of a Tanner, at Mr. *Footell's* Tan-Yard in *Annapolis*, has ſupplied himſelf with every Thing convenient for that Purpoſe; and will work at the following Prices; *viz.* Five Shillings for each Hide; Three Shillings for a Kip; and Two Shillings and Sixpence for a Calf-Skin. He alſo tans Ben Leather.

He may be applied to at Mr. *John Campbell's*, Taylor in the City of *Annapolis*; or at the ſaid Tan-Yard.

JOHN MURRAY.

TO BE SOLD

A Young Negro Wench, almoſt ſixteen Years of Age, of a ſtrong healthy Conſtitution, and can do all Sorts of Houſhold-Work.

Enquire of the Printer hereof.

WHEREAS, *Hannah* the Wife of *Richard Norton*, junior, of *Charles-Town* in *Cecil* County, hath eloped from her ſaid Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Perſons from truſting her on his Account, for he will not pay any Debts ſhe ſhall contract from the Date hereof; as alſo from harbouring or entertaining her, on any Account whatſoever; as they will anſwer the contrary at their Peril.

December 9, 1748. RICHARD NORTON, junior.

ANY Gentlemen, or others, who have Occaſion to croſs the Bay to *Kent* Iſland, may apply themſelves to the Subſcriber, who keeps commodious Boats for that Purpoſe; and Attendance will conſtantly be given at my Houſe in the City of *Annapolis*. THOMAS WILLIAMSON.

ALL Perſons that ſtill remain indebted to the Eſtate of *Thomas Lloyd*, late of *Anne Arundel* County, deceaſed, are deſired to pay their reſpective Ballances immediately; otherwiſe they will be proceeded againſt as the Law directs.

JAMES DICK.

STRAYED from the *Nottingham* Works, in *Baltimore* County, about the laſt of *September*; a middle-ſiz'd Bright Bay Horſe; he has four white Feet, a Blaze in his Face, and is branded IS on one Buttock, and SI on the other: He was bred in *Prince George's* County, near Mr. *Oſborn Sprigg's*, and was ſome Time ago the Property of Mr. *John Skinner* of *Lower Marlborough*. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe and brings him to the Subſcriber at *Joppa*, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken up in *Baltimore* County; or if in any other County, Forty Shillings; from DAVID M'CULLOCH.

THIS is to give Notice, that there is at my Plantation at *Lingan Ore*, one large Black Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock D, only not ſo plain on the Buttock as Shoulder; he had on when he came there a Bell, marked thus, I HVTTON. Alſo a middle-ſiz'd Black Mare, with a Two Years old Black Colt, with a Slit in his Ear; ſhe is branded on the near Shoulder N, and on the near Buttock O, a Blaze on her Forehead, with a Snip on her Noſe, and one hind Foot white. Whoever applies to me at *Annapolis*, and proves his Property, may have them again, paying the Charge of this Advertiſement. WILLIAM CUMMING.

N. B. They are very valuable Creatures.

To be SOLD,

BY the Subſcriber, at *Cheſter-Town*, a very neat Chaiſe, and ſeveral Riding-Chairs; at very reaſonable Rates, for Sterling Money, or Paper Currency.

BENJAMIN BINNEY.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT *John Raitt* is removed from the Houſe over againſt Mr. *Bordley's* in *North Eaſt* Street, to the Houſe where Mr. *Aſhbury Sutton* lately lived, near the Dock in *Annapolis*; where he ſells all Sorts of *European* and *India* Goods, at the moſt reaſonable Rates. He likewiſe ſells Rum, Sugar, Melaſſes, &c. Alſo Dr. *James's* famous Fever Powders, Dr. *Hooper's* Female Pills, *Greenough's* Tincture for the Tooth ach, and cleanſing of Teeth, and *Fryar's* Balſam; all patented by his Majeſty.

NOtice is hereby given, that *George Rouviere*, a *French* Surgeon, is lately arrived in this City, who has a POWDER, approved of by the Royal Academy of Sciences at *Paris*, which infallibly cures all manner of Fevers, whether conſtant or intermitting; and is much preferable to the Bark, as it leaves not thoſe Pains in the Stomach, and other Diſorders, behind it, as all thoſe who have taken it, and experienced it's Virtues, can teſtify; no leſs than thirty Perſons (being all who have taken it here) having been quite cured by it. This Powder likewiſe cures the Swelling of the Legs and Spleen, tho' of 6 or 7 Months Continuance, except it be turn'd to a Dropſy; with ſeveral other Maladies. And, that the Poor as well as Rich may be ſupplied with ſo excellent a Remedy, it is ſold at Three Shillings Currency each Paper; ſix Papers being generally ſufficient to perform the Cure; and in many Caſes, half that Number.

This Powder is ſold, and the Doctor may be adviſed with, at the Sign of the *Indian King*, in *Annapolis*; where Printed Directions will be given *gratis* to ſuch as purchaſe the Powder.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

HEreby gives Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he is removed from *Broad Creek* to *Cowpen Point*, on *Kent* Iſland; where they may depend on meeting with good Boats and faithful Hands, to croſs the Bay, and good Entertainment for themſelves and Horſes, from

Their humble Servant, NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

N. B. Gentlemen may find me almoſt any Day, at Mr. *Thomas Williamſon's* in *Annapolis*.

ALMANACKS, for the Year 1749, to be Sold by the Printer hereof. Likewiſe Pocket Almanacks.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, in *Prince George's* County, near the *Wood-Yard*, an *Engliſh* Convict Servant Man named *John Brookes*; he is of a middle Stature, a Weaver by Trade, and had on when he went away a white woollen Jacket, a green Jacket without Sleeves, country-made cotton Breeches, a cotton Shirt, cotton Stockings very much darned, turn'd Pumps, ſilver Shoe Buckles, and an old felt Hat: He is mark'd with the Letters I B, on the Back of one of his Hands. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo as his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows. JOSEPH JOHNSON.

RAN away from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works, the 19th Inſtant, a Negro Man named *Jack*, belonging to *Daniel Dulany*, Eſq; and Company; he was advertiſed in this Paper laſt Summer, and taken near *Severn* Ferry: He was bred in *Talbot* County, and may endeavour to get over the Bay; he is a ſenſible Country born Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, and had on when he went away a Felt Hat, a cotton Jacket and Breeches, new Shoes and Stockings, two new Oſnabrigs Shirts, and may have ſtolen other Cloaths.

Whoever brings him to the Subſcriber at the ſaid Works, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward; or if taken on the Eaſtern Shore, Forty Shillings. RICHARD CROXALL.

November 27, 1748.

RAN away from the *Baltimore* Iron Works, on Monday laſt, a Negro Man named *Solomon*, a likely Country born young Man, formerly belonging to Mr. *Thomas Baldwin*, near *Annapolis*, and 'tis ſuppoſed that he is down that Way. He had on when he went away two new Oſnabrigs Shirts, blue Fear-nothing Jacket, new Shoes and Stockings, and a Leather Cap. Whoever brings the ſaid Negro to the Works aforeſaid, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward. RICHARD CROXALL.

WILLIAM DIXON, STAY MAKER,

AT his Houſe, oppoſite to *Edmund Jennings's*, Eſq; in *Annapolis*, Makes and Sells all Sorts of Stays for Women and Girls, in the beſt and neateſt Manner, and at the moſt reaſonable Prices; for Ready Money only.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by WILLIAM GOVANE, *at his Houſe near* Annapolis, *very cheap, for ready Money, or ſhort Credit,*

CHoice *Barbadoes* Rum, *New-England* Ditto, Muſcovado Sugar, Coffee, Iron Pots, Iron Skillets, *New-England* Soap in ſmall Boxes, Train Oil, Rush-bottom Chairs, and a Parcel of ſtrong Oſnabrigs.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Subſcriber has removed from *John Campbell's*, to the Houſe oppoſite to Mr. *Macnemara's* in *Duke of Glouceſter* Street, in *Annapolis*; where he makes and ſells as good Chocolate as was ever made in *England*, at 4*s.* 6*d.* per Pound: Likewiſe *Scotch* Snuff, as good as any imported from *Europe*, at 2*s.* 6*d.* per Pound; and the beſt *French* Rappee Snuff, at 3*s.* per Pound. Conſtant Attendance is given at ſaid Houſe by

ISAAC NAVARRO.

THE Commiſſioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the ſaid Office (except Sundays), to take in old Paper Money, 'til the middle of *November*; and from thence 'til *Chriſtmas*, on every Monday, Tueſday, Wedneſday, and Thurſday; and after *Chriſtmas*, on Monday, Tueſday, and Wedneſday, in every Week.

Signed by Order of the Commiſſioners,

Novemb. 2, 1748. RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk.

THE Ship *Ranger*, lying in *South* River, at LONDON-Town, carrying 16 Guns and 32 Men, *Stephen Hooper*, Commander, takes in Tobacco conſigned to Mr. *John Hanſon*, Merchant in *London*, at Eight Pounds Sterling per Ton STEPHEN HOOPER.

WHEREAS a Certain *John Charlett*, hath lately publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, No. 176, alſo in ſeveral others, his Intention of going to *England* with the preſent Shipping; and hath, ſince that Time, abſented himſelf from my ſervice, to whom he is now a Servant, under Contract, at conſiderable yearly Wages; which contract he hath not performed, nor complied with, but left his ſaid ſervice, without giving me the leaſt Warning, to my very great Prejudice and Damage. He is harboured, encouraged, and entertained, by ſome perſons in this Town; to whom I give this Public notice, that if they continue ſo to do, I ſhall take ſuch meaſures both with him and them, as the Law directs.

CHARLES COLE.

TO BE SOLD

BY the Subſcriber, Part of a Tract of Land called *Venſon Part*, lying in the Fork of *Patuxent* River, in *Anne Arundel* County, about ſix Miles from Mr. *Snowden's* Iron-Works, containing 350 Acres, all Wood-Land, and well timber'd; and good low Ground, for thoſe who are inclined to make Meadows. Whoever has a Mind to buy the ſame, may apply to the Subſcriber at Mrs. *Sarah Warfield's*, near the Head of *Severn* River, where a good Title to the ſaid Land ſhall be made by ABSOLUTE WARFIELD.

JAMES HUTCHINGS,

Living at COWPEN-POINT, *on* Kent Iſland,

HAving good Boats and ſkilful Hands, for carrying Paſſengers, Horſes, and Carriages, acroſs the Bay, in almoſt any Weather; hereby gives Notice, That he keeps the Ferry from *Kent* to *Annapolis*, and from *Annapolis* to *Kent*: He has good Accommodations at his Houſe for the Entertainment of Gentlemen and their Servants, and good Provender or Paſture for Horſes. Any Gentlemen travelling that Way from the Weſtern Shore, may meet with him almoſt any Day, at Mrs. *Minſkie's* in *Annapolis*, one of his Boats being often on that Side the Bay to wait on Paſſengers; who may all depend on good Uſage, from JAMES HUTCHINGS.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship Edinburgh, *Capt.* Ruſſell, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber in* Baltimore-Town;

MEN and womens velvets, black mantua and paduſoy ſilks, ſilk and worſted damaſks for furniture, Iriſh linnens, oſnabrigs, Manchester cheques, kerſeys, half thicks, fear-noughts, duffels, bear ſkins, coarſe cloths, nails, cotton gowns, ſtrip'd and plain flannel, Welch cotton, felt hats, cambricks, muſlins, men and womens ſhoes, ſtays, ſtockings; ironmongery, ſtationary, haberdaſhery, and cutlery wares; powder and ſhot; with ſundry other Things too tedious to mention; to be ſold by Wholeſale or Retale, for Ready Money, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Walnut Plank, *Indian* Corn, Staves, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Tallow, or Skins.

Likewiſe to be ſold, *Weſt-India* Rum, ſingle and double refind Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, and exceeding good Teas at 15*s.* per Pound. JOHN STEVENSON.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subſcriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 480 Acres, lying on the Waggon-Road near *Seneca* Bridge, convenient for inland Trade, or any public Buſineſs. It conſiſts of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling-Houſe, 52 Feet long, with three Stone Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms ſeal'd with Plank; a Milk-houſe, Meat-houſe, Corn-houſe, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 300 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing; with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-Houſe 20 Feet by 16, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-houſe. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may view the Premiſes, and know the Price, by applying to the Printer hereof, or HENRY CRAMPHIN.

The Purchaſer may likewiſe be ſupplied with Cattle, Horſes, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, &c. by the ſaid *Cramphin*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper.